EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	1923	"ionic liquid"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 09:07
L2	243	L1 and (starch or polysaccharide)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 09:07
L3	207	L2 and (acylation or esterification or ester or esterify or acylate or acetate or acetylation)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 10:30
L4	14	starch same "ionic liquid" ·	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 10:30
L7	5	("1943176" "2461139" "2003015735 1" "20040038031" "3022289").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 13:53
L8	0	"20030157351".pn.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 13:53
L9	0	"20040038031".pn.	USPAT	OR	ON.	2007/11/07 13:53
S15	3	("1943176" "2461139" "2003015735 1" "20040038031" "3022289").PN.	USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 13:53
S16	. 3	((VESA) near2 (MYLLYMAKI)).INV.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 13:51
S17	13	((REIJO) near2 (AKSELA)).INV.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 08:41
S18	1923	"ionic liquid"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 08:41
S19	158	S18 and starch	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 08:41
S20	243	S18 and (starch or polysaccharide)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 09:06
S21	156	S18 and microwave	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 08:41
S22	532	S18 and (microwave or radiation or irradiat\$4)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 08:42
S23	108	S20 and (microwave or radiation or irradiat\$4)	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	ON	2007/11/07 08:43

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: SSPTALDB1623

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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                 LMEDLINE coverage updated
NEWS
      2 JUL 02
NEWS 3 JUL 02 SCISEARCH enhanced with complete author names
NEWS 4 JUL 02 CHEMCATS accession numbers revised
NEWS 5 JUL 02 CA/CAplus enhanced with utility model patents from China
NEWS 6 JUL 16 CAplus enhanced with French and German abstracts
NEWS 7 JUL 18 CA/CAplus patent coverage enhanced
NEWS 8 JUL 26 USPATFULL/USPAT2 enhanced with IPC reclassification
NEWS 9 JUL 30 USGENE now available on STN
NEWS 10 AUG 06 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with new experimental property tags
NEWS 11 AUG 06 FSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition
NEWS 12 AUG 13 CA/Caplus enhanced with additional kind codes for granted
                 patents
NEWS 13 AUG 20
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with CAS indexing in pre-1907 records
                 Full-text patent databases enhanced with predefined
NEWS 14 AUG 27
                 patent family display formats from INPADOCDB
NEWS 15 AUG 27
                 USPATOLD now available on STN
NEWS 16 AUG 28 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental
                 spectral property data
                 STN AnaVist, Version 2.0, now available with Derwent
NEWS 17
         SEP 07
                 World Patents Index
NEWS 18 SEP 13 FORIS renamed to SOFIS
                 INPADOCDB enhanced with monthly SDI frequency
NEWS 19 SEP 13
NEWS 20 SEP 17 CA/CAplus enhanced with printed CA page images from
                 1967-1998
                 CAplus coverage extended to include traditional medicine
NEWS 21 SEP 17
                 patents
NEWS 22 SEP 24
                 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with pre-1907 records from Chemisches
NEWS 23 OCT 02
                 Zentralblatt
NEWS 24 OCT 19 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds
              19 SEPTEMBER 2007: CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.2,
NEWS EXPRESS
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 SEPTEMBER 2007.
NEWS HOURS
              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
              Welcome Banner and News Items
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Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:46:29 ON 07 NOV 2007

=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Nov 2007 VOL 147 ISS 20 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Nov 2007 (20071106/ED)

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

=> "ionic liquid" and (starch or polysaccharide) 284271 "IONIC" 511 "IONICS" 284535 "IONIC" ("IONIC" OR "IONICS") 798287 "LIQUID" 138315 "LIOUIDS" 901714 "LIOUID" ("LIQUID" OR "LIQUIDS") 1101866 "LIQ" 104546 "LIQS" 1141857 "LIQ" ("LIO" OR "LIQS") 1583946 "LIQUID" ("LIQUID" OR "LIQ") 10942 "IONIC LIQUID" ("IONIC"(W)"LIQUID") 170623 STARCH 9565 STARCHES 171630 STARCH (STARCH OR STARCHES) 62985 POLYSACCHARIDE 79609 POLYSACCHARIDES

100157 POLYSACCHARIDE

(POLYSACCHARIDE OR POLYSACCHARIDES)
49 "IONIC LIOUID" AND (STARCH OR POLYSACCHARIDE)

=> 11 and (microwave or radiation or irradiat?)

123303 MICROWAVE

10744 MICROWAVES

125133 MICROWAVE

(MICROWAVE OR MICROWAVES)

754792 RADIATION

13344 RADIATIONS

760280 RADIATION

(RADIATION OR RADIATIONS)

317834 IRRADIAT?

334516 IRRADN

3230 IRRADNS

335572 IRRADN

(IRRADN OR IRRADNS)

511616 IRRADIAT?

(IRRADIAT? OR IRRADN)

2 L1 AND (MICROWAVE OR RADIATION OR IRRADIAT?) L2

=> d 12 1-2 ibib abs

ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:754555 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:194651

TITLE:

Method for complete enzymatic hydrolysis of straw

cellulose pretreated with steam and microwave

INVENTOR(S):

Chen, Hongzhang; Liu, Liying

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Institute of Process Engineering, Chinese Academy of

Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 7 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	CN 1806945	Α	20060726	CN 2005-10011217	20050120
PRIC	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2005-10011217	20050120
AB	The title method co	mprises	: (1) steam-	blasting straws with wa	ter content
	of 10-35% under ste	am pres	sure of 1.0-	1.5 MPa for 2-7 min, (2) washing
	with water of 50-10	ooc, dr	ying, mixing	with ionic	
				(5-50), and heating dir	ectly or
	by microwave under	stirrin	g for 5-60 m	in, (3) washing the	
	treated straw with	water,	and (4) hydr	olyzing with cellulase	at below
	50°C and pH 4.8 for	48-72	h. The afor	ementioned ionic	
	liquid contains cat	ions se	lected from	N,N-dimethy $\overline{ exttt{limid}}$ azole i	on,
	1-ethyl-3-methylimi	dazole	ion, 1-allyl	-3-methylimidazole ion,	
	1-butyl-3-methylimi	dazole	ion and 1-me	thyl-3-butylimidazole i	on, and
				mide ion, acetate ion a	
				ed to obtain enzymic hy	
	of cellulose up to				
	01 001101000 ab 00				

ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2005:239036 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

142:299721 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Esterification of starch under TITLE:

microwave irradiation and pressure

Myllymaeki, Vesa; Aksela, Reijo INVENTOR(S):

Kemira Oyj, Finland PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

. 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.								APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
							-											
	WO	2005	0238	73		A1 20050317			WO 2004-FI523						2	0040	910	
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
			- •		•	,	,	DE,	•	•								
			GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	ΚŻ,	LC,
			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
			NO,	NZ,	· OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
			TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
		RW:						MW,										
								RU,										
								GR,										
			SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NΕ,
				TD,														
	FI	2003	0013	01		Α		2005	0312		FI 2	003-	1301		•	2	0030	911
		1161						2005	0930									
	CA	2533	553			A1		2005	0317		CA 2	004-	2533	553		2	0040	910
	EP	1664				A1		2006										
		R:						ES,							NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
								TR,										•
		2004															0040	910
	US	2007	0730	51		A1		2007	0329								0061	
PRIOF	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				.:				FI 2003-1301				7	A 20030911				
										WO 2004-FI523				W 20040910				
			/ \				~~~	4 4 0	0000	0.1								

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:299721

AB An organic starch ester is prepared by mixing a starch material, such as natural starch or hydrolyzed starch, with an ionic liquid solvent to dissolve the starch, and then treating the dissolved starch with an organic esterifying agent, such as C1-11 carboxylic acid, to form an organic starch ester, and subsequently separating the organic starch ester from the solution by adding a non-solvent, such as alcs., ketones, and acetonitrile, to the starch ester solution Microwave irradiation and/or pressure can be applied to assist the dissoln. and esterification. Thus, native barely starch was dissolved in ionic 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride and reacted with acetic anhydride, followed by quenching with ethanol to receive starch acetate.

REFERENCE COUNT:

6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d scan 11

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L1 49 ANSWERS CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
```

(hemodialyzers, membranes; <u>ionic</u> <u>liquid</u>-derived blood-compatible composite membranes for kidney dialysis)

IT Anticoagulants
Biocompatibility
Blood coagulation
Composites

CC 63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

TI <u>Ionic liquid</u>-derived blood-compatible composite membranes for kidney dialysis

ST heparin cellulose composite hemodialysis membrane blood coagulation

IT Dialyzers

```
Dissolution
     Human
       Ionic liquids
     Pore size
     Surface structure
        (ionic liquid-derived blood-compatible composite
        membranes for kidney dialysis)
     Albumins, biological studies
IT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
        (serum, bovine; ionic liquid-derived blood-compatible
        composite membranes for kidney dialysis)
     9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP
     (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ionic liquid-derived blood-compatible composite
        membranes for kidney dialysis)
     9004-34-6, Cellulose, biological studies
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (ionic liquid-derived blood-compatible composite
        membranes for kidney dialysis)
IT
     57-13-6, Urea, processes
     RL: REM (Removal or disposal); PROC (Process)
        (ionic liquid-derived blood-compatible composite
        membranes for kidney dialysis)
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):1
                 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
T.1
     49 ANSWERS
     44 (Industrial Carbohydrates)
CC
     Homogeneous synthesis of high-amylose starch acetates and their
     ultrafine fibers prepared by electrospinning
HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:46:29 ON 07 NOV 2007)
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:46:34 ON 07 NOV 2007
             49 "IONIC LIQUID" AND (STARCH OR POLYSACCHARIDE)
Ll
              2 L1 AND (MICROWAVE OR RADIATION OR IRRADIAT?)
L2
=> s l1 and (ester or acylate or acylation or esterification or acetate or
acetylation)
        610234 ESTER
        448055 ESTERS
        846422 ESTER
                 (ESTER OR ESTERS)
          2019 ACYLATE
          1048 ACYLATES
          2718 ACYLATE
                 (ACYLATE OR ACYLATES)
         60686 ACYLATION
           893 ACYLATIONS
         60946 ACYLATION
                 (ACYLATION OR ACYLATIONS)
        101882 ESTERIFICATION
           578 ESTERIFICATIONS
        102030 ESTERIFICATION
                 (ESTERIFICATION OR ESTERIFICATIONS)
        548815 ACETATE
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29215 ACETATES 560809 ACETATE

(ACETATE OR ACETATES)

71060 ACETYLATION 273 ACETYLATIONS 71133 ACETYLATION

(ACETYLATION OR ACETYLATIONS)

17 L1 AND (ESTER OR ACYLATE OR ACYLATION OR ESTERIFICATION OR ACETA TE OR ACETYLATION)

=> d 13 1-17 ibib abs

ANSWER 1 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2007:1032844 CAPLUS

TITLE:

L3

Homogeneous synthesis of high-amylose starch acetates and their ultrafine fibers prepared

by electrospinning

AUTHOR (S):

Zhou, Qiaoping; Wu, Jin; Zhang, Jun; He, Jiasong; Sun,

Zhijie; Zhang, Zuoguang

CORPORATE SOURCE:

School of Material Science and Engineering, BeiHang

University, Beijing, 100083, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Gaofenzi Xuebao (2007), (7), 685-688

CODEN: GAXUE9; ISSN: 1000-3304

PUBLISHER:

Kexue Chubanshe

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

High-amylose starch can dissolve effectively in a room temperature ionic liquid 1-allyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride (amimCl). By using amimCl as the reaction medium, high-amylose starch acetates with a relatively wide range of degree

of substitution (DS) were homogeneously synthesized by a one-step method in the absence of any catalyst. The effects of reaction time and acetic anhydride/anhydroglucose unit (AGU) molar ratio on the DS of

starch acetates were investigated. These starch

acetates exhibited different solubility in water, acetone and DMAc, depending on the DS value. Finally, the fibrous membranes composing of continuous and smooth fibers with diams. in a range from several tens to several hundreds nanometers were successfully produced via electrospinning of starch acetate solution

ANSWER 2 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2007:1028657 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

147:324796

TITLE:

Preparation of degraded cellulose in ionic

liquid

INVENTOR(S):

Massonne, Klemens; D'Andola, Giovanni; Stegmann, Veit; Mormann, Werner; Wezstein, Markus; Leng, Wei; Freyer,

Stephan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

BASF Aktiengesellschaft, Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 49pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

LANGUAGE:

Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

German

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
												:		
WO 200710181	A1		20070913		WO 2007-EP51872						20070228			
W: AE,	AG, AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
CN,	CO, CR,	CŪ,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
GE,	GH, GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	ΗU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,

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KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,
             RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                               20070913
                                           DE 2006-102006011076
                                                                  20060308
     DE 102006011076
                     A1
                                           DE 2006-102006011076A 20060308
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           DE 2006-102006042891A 20060909
     Degraded cellulose is prepared by dissolving cellulose in an ionic
AB
     liquid and treating it at elevated temps., optionally in the
     presence of water. Thus, dried cellulose 0.5 g was dissolved in
     1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium hydrogensulfate 20.0 g at 120°, then
     reacted with water by adding 0.05 g water into the solution for 16 h at
     100° to give degraded cellulose showing no precipitation was formed when
     the resultant mixture was poured into 20 times water or methanol.
                              THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         7
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 3 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         2007:755417 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         147:145097
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        Molten ionic liquids-based solvent
TITLE:
                         system, its production and use for producing
                         regenerated carbohydrates
                         Stegmann, Veit; Massonne, Klemens; Maase, Matthias;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Uerdingen, Eric; Lutz, Michael; Hermanutz, Frank;
                         Gaehr, Frank
                         BASF Aktiengesellschaft, Germany
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         PCT Int. Appl., 74pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
                         Patent
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                         German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                               DATE
                                                                  DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                           -----
                               _____
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                         ----
                               20070712 WO 2006-EP12478
                                                                  20061222
                         A1
     WO 2007076979
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
             GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP,
             KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
             MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS,
             RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
     DE 102005062608
                         A1
                               20070705
                                           DE 2005-102005062608
                                                                  20051223
                                           DE 2005-102005062608A 20051223
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           DE 2006-102006035830A 20060801
     The title composition comprising 1 - 10 weight% water or protic solvents and 1
AB
```

35 weight% carbohydrates can be used for regenerating cellulose, starch and other carbohydrates, in particular in the form of regenerated cellulose fibers. Thus, mixing 5 min at 50° 800 g

1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium acetate and 100 g water, adding 100 q cellulose and tempering 45 min at 90° gave a solution, which can be used after filtering via 15 μm filter for manufacture fibers.

REFERENCE COUNT:

5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2007:730492 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

147:120013

TITLE:

Based on melted ionic liquids

solvent compositions for regenerating carbohydrates,

especially cellulose

INVENTOR(S):

Stegmann, Veit; Massonne, Klemens; Maase, Matthias; Uerdingen, Eric; Lutz, Michael; Hermanutz, Frank;

Gaehr, Frank

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

BASF A.-G., Germany Ger. Offen., 25 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
A1 20070705	DE 2005-102005062608	20051223
		20061222
AM, AT, AU, AZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,
CU, CZ, DK, DM,	DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI,	GB, GD, GE,
HN, HR, HU, ID,	IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,	KM, KN, KP,
SE, SG, SK, SL,	SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN,	TR, TT, TZ,
UZ, VC, VN, ZA,	ZM, ZW	
CH, CY, CZ, DE,	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB,	GR, HU, IE,
LU, LV, MC, NL,	PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,	TR, BF, BJ,
CM, GA, GN, GQ,	GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,	TG, BW, GH,
MW, MZ, NA, SD,	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,	AM, AZ, BY,
RU, TJ, TM		
	A1 20070705 A1 20070712 AM, AT, AU, AZ, CU, CZ, DK, DM, HN, HR, HU, ID, LC, LK, LR, LS, MZ, NA, NG, NI, SE, SG, SK, SL, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, CH, CY, CZ, DE, LU, LV, MC, NL, CM, GA, GN, GQ, MW, MZ, NA, SD,	A1 20070705 DE 2005-102005062608 A1 20070712 WO 2006-EP12478 AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW,

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

DE 2005-102005062608A 20051223 DE 2006-102006035830A 20060801

The title composition comprising ≥5 weight% water or protic solvents and 1 - 35 weight% carbohydrates can be used for regenerating cellulose, starch and other carbohydrates. Thus, mixing 5 min at 50° 800 g 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium acetate and 100 g water, adding 100 g cellulose and tempering 45 min at 90° gave a solution, which can be used after filtering via 15 μm filter for manufacture fibers.

ANSWER 5 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2007:458864 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

146:458065

TITLE:

The application using non-covalent bond between a

cucurbituril derivative and a ligand

INVENTOR(S):

Kim, Kimoon; Baek, Kangkyun; Kim, Jeeyoun; Hwang, Ilha; Ko, Young-Ho; Selvapalam, Narayanan; Nagarajan,

Erumaipatty R.; Park, Kyeng-Min

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Postech Academy-Industry Foundation, S. Korea

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 67pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                       ----
                                           ______
    _____
                              20070426 WO 2006-KR687
                                                                 20060228
                        A1
    WO 2007046575
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
            CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
            GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KZ,
            LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
            NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
            ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
            IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
            GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                                                  20060224
                               20070516
                                           KR 2006-18434
    KR 2007050747
                         Α
                                           US 2006-407143 .
                                                                 20060420
                         A1
                               20070426
    US 2007092867
                                           KR 2005-99379
                                                              A 20051020
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                              A 20051112
                                           KR 2005-108312 ·
                                                               A 20060104
                                           KR 2006-891
                                           KR 2006-18434
                                                              A 20060224
```

AB Provided is a kit including a first component that is a compound A bound to a first material and a second component that is a ligand bound to a second material, wherein each of the first and second materials is independently selected from the group consisting of a solid phase, a biomol., an antioxidant, a chemical therapeutic agent, an antihistaminic agent, a cucurbituril dendrimer, a cyclodextrin derivative, a crown ether derivative, a calixarene derivative, a cyclophane derivative, a cyclic peptide derivative, a metallic ion, a chromophore, a fluorescent material, a phosphor, a radioactive material, and a catalyst; and the ligand can non-covalently bind to the compound A; a method of separating and purifying a material bound

to

a ligand using the compound A bound to a solid phase; a method of separating and

purifying the compound A or a material bound to the compound using a ligand bound to a solid phase; a sensor chip including a compound A bound to a first material and a ligand bound to a second material; and a solid-catalyst complex including the compound A bound to a first material and a ligand bound to a second material.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1309561 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:68220

TITLE: Cosmetic compositions comprising ionic

liquids

INVENTOR(S): Hoeffkes, Horst; Brockmann, Claudia

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Henkel K.-G.a.A., Germany SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 370pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006131234	A1	20061214	WO 2006-EP5098	20060527
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AT	, AU, AZ, BA	, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY,	BZ, CA, CH,

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GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,
             KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
             MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,
             SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                20061214
                                             DE 2005-102005026355
                                                                    20050607
     DE 102005026355
                          A1
                                             DE 2005-102005026355A 20050607
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     Disclosed are cosmetic compns. comprising novel feed materials which
     develop advantageous effects in individual, preferably all product
     categories. The inventive cosmetic compns. are used for treating skin
     and/or the scalp and/or hair and/or for oral and dental hygiene while
     containing at least one ionic liquid in an adequate cosmetic
     carrier. Thus an O/W skin cream contained (weight/weight%): thistle oil 3.00;
     Myritol 318 5.00; behenyl alc. 1.00; Cutina MD 2.00; Cetearyl alc. 1.00;
     iso-Pr stearate 4.00; shea butter 2.00; dimethicone 1.00; hydrogenated
     palm glyceride citrate 0.05; propylparaben 0.20; Dow Corning 1403 Fluid
     1.00; aluminum starch octenyl succinate 1.00; titania 0.50;
     hexanediol 6.00; propylene glycol 5.00; glycerol 5.00; methylparaben 0.20;
     sodium carbomer 0.20; algae extract 1.00; caomint 1.00; calmosensine 1.00;
     Symdiol68 0.30; DSH-CN 5.00; Tego IL T16ES 8.00;.
                               THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         4
                                RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 7 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         2006:1189401 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         147:237041
                         Ionic liquids as solvents for
TITLE:
                         biopolymers: acylation of starch
                         and zein protein
                         Biswas, Atanu; Shogren, R. L.; Stevenson, D. G.;
AUTHOR (S):
                         Willett, J. L.; Bhowmik, Pradip K.
                         Plant Polymer Research Unit, National Center for
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Agricultural Utilization Research, USDA/Agricultural
                         Research Services, Peoria, IL, 61604, USA
                         Carbohydrate Polymers (2006), 66(4), 546-550
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: CAPOD8; ISSN: 0144-8617
                         Elsevier B.V.
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
     Biopolymers such as starch and zein protein were found to be
     soluble at 80° in ionic ligs. such as
     1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride (BMIMCl) and 1-butyl-3-
     methylimidazolium dicyanamide (BMIMdca) in concns. up to 10% (weight/weight).
     Higher concns. of biopolymers in these novel solvents resulted in solns.
     with too high viscosity to stir. Solns. of both starch and zein
     in BMIMCl were acylated with anhydrides in presence of pyridine to give
     acetyl starch and benzoyl zein with various degrees of
     substitution. Without pyridine the acylation reaction did not
     proceed. 1H NMR and IR spectroscopies were used to determine the degree of
     substitution of starch. Viscosity studies indicated that the starch underwent slight reduction in mol. weight during the course of
     acylation. Starch was also soluble in other
     non-conventional solvents such as choline chloride/oxalic acid and choline
     chloride/ZnCl2. However, zein was insol. in these solvents.
                                THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                         17
REFERENCE COUNT:
                                RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
```

CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,

ANSWER 8 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN T.3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:754555 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:194651

TITLE:

Method for complete enzymatic hydrolysis of straw cellulose pretreated with steam and microwave

INVENTOR(S):

Chen, Hongzhang; Liu, Liying

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Institute of Process Engineering, Chinese Academy of

Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 7 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND ____ _____ -----CN 2005-10011217 20050120 CN 1806945 Α 20060726 CN 2005-10011217 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: The title method comprises: (1) steam-blasting straws with water content of 10-35% under steam pressure of 1.0-1.5 MPa for 2-7 min, (2) washing with water of 50-100°C, drying, mixing with ionic liquid at a solid-liquid ratio of 1 : (5-50), and heating directly or by microwave under stirring for 5-60 min, (3) washing the treated straw with water, and (4) hydrolyzing with cellulase at below 50°C and pH 4.8 for 48-72 h. The aforementioned ionic liquid contains cations selected from N, N-dimethylimidazole ion, 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazole ion, 1-allyl-3-methylimidazole ion, 1-butyl-3-methylimidazole ion and 1-methyl-3-butylimidazole ion, and anions selected from chloride ion, bromide ion, acetate ion and thiocyanate ion. The method can be used to obtain enzymic hydrolysis rate

ANSWER 9 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2006:511114 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

145:27988

TITLE:

Nonhalogen ionic liquids as

solvents for poorly-soluble polysaccharides and compositions containing the solvents and the

polysaccharides

INVENTOR(S):

Ono, Hiroyuki; Fukaya, Yukinobu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Tokyo University of Agriculture & Technology, Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:

of cellulose up to 100%.

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006137677	A	20060601	JP 2004-326165	20041110
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-326165	20041110

Highly-polar nonhalogen ionic liqs., preferably having AB Kamlet-Taft β-parameter (hydrogen bond-accepting ability) ≥0.9, are useful for dissolving poorly-soluble polysaccharides , e.g. cellulose, chitin, chitosan, etc. The compns. are useful for chemical modification, functionalization, and film and fiber fabrication of the polysaccharides. Thus, N-methylimidazole was treated with BuBr at 0° for 3 days to give butylmethylimidazolium bromide, which was converted into formate (β = 1.02) via hydroxide. 10 Mg cellulose

filter paper (cellulose) was completely dissolved in butylmethylimidazolium hydroxide at 65°.

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:742134 CAPLUS

TITLE:

Ionic liquids as solvents for
biopolymers: Acylation of starch

and zein protein

AUTHOR(S):

Biswas, Atanu; Shogren, R. L.; Stevenson, David G.;

Willett, J. L.; Bhowmik, Pradip K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Plant Polymer Research Unit, National Center for Agricultural Utilization Research, USDA/ARS, Peoria,

IL, 61604, USA

SOURCE:

Abstracts of Papers, 230th ACS National Meeting, Washington, DC, United States, Aug. 28-Sept. 1, 2005

(2005), POLY-192. American Chemical Society:

Washington, D. C. CODEN: 69HFCL

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference; Meeting Abstract; (computer optical disk)

English

LANGUAGE:

We have found that biopolymers, such as **starch** and zein, are

soluble in ionic liquid 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium

chloride up to 15% (weight/weight) concentration at 80 -aC. The starch solution

reacted with acetic anhydride and pyridine to give acetylated starch with DS of 0.3 to 2.6 in good yields. Similarly, zein solution reacted with benzoyl anhydride and pyridine to give benzoate ester. In this work, we have demonstrated for the first time that IL could be used as a solvent for the chemical modifications of starch and zein.

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:727707 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

144:275924

TITLE:

Ionic liquids as solvents for biopolymers: Acylation of starch

and zein protein

AUTHOR (S):

Biswas, Atanu; Shogren, R. L.; Stevenson, D. G.;

Willett, J. L.; Bhowmik, Pradip K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Plant Polymer Research Unit, National Center for Agricultural Utilization Research, USDA/Agricultural

Research Services, Peoria, IL, 61604, USA

SOURCE:

Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division

of Polymer Chemistry) (2005), 46(2), 924-925

CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer

Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; (computer optical disk)

LANGUAGE:

English

AB In this study biopolymers such as starch and zein are found to be soluble in joint 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride up to 15% concentration at 80°. The starch solution reacted with acetic anhydride and pyridine to give acetylated starch with DS of 0.3 to 2.6 in good yields. Similarly, zein solution reacted with benzoyl anhydride and pyridine to give benzoate

ester.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:546880 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:83457

TITLE:

compositions facilitating translocation of therapeutic effector across biol. barrier comprising hydrophobic

agent, counter ion, penetrating peptide, and/or

protease inhibitor

INVENTOR(S):

Ben-Sasson, Shmuel A.; Cohen, Einat

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Israel

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 59 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 665,184.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
				•	
US 2005136103	A1	20050623	US 2004-942300		20040916
· US 2004146549	A1	20040729	US 2003-665184		20030917
US 7115707	B2	20061003			
US 2005058702	A1	20050317	US 2003-664989		20030917
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-503615P	P	20030917
			US 2003-664989	A2	20030917
			US 2003-665184	A2	20030917
			US 2002-355396P	P	20020207
			WO 2003-IB968	A2	20030207

MARPAT 143:83457 OTHER SOURCE(S):

This invention relates to novel pharmaceutical compns. capable of facilitating penetration of at least one effector across biol. barriers. The compns. may comprise therapeutic effectors, hydrophobic agents, counter ions, protein stabilizers, penetrating peptides, surface active agents, and protease inhibitors. Disclosed are methods for producing the compns. of the invention, and their uses. The invention also relates to methods of treating or preventing diseases by administering these compns. to affected subjects, and methods of vaccination.

ANSWER 13 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:239036 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:299721

TITLE:

Esterification of starch under microwave irradiation and pressure Myllymaeki, Vesa; Aksela, Reijo

INVENTOR(S):

Kemira Oyj, Finland

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

English

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND PATENT NO. DATE APPLICATION NO. _____ -----______ ____ WO 2004-FI523 20040910 WO 2005023873 20050317 A1 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,

SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,

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SN, TD, TG
                                20050312 FI 2003-1301
     FI 2003001301
                                                                    20030911
                          A
                          B1
                                20050930
     FI 116142
                                20050317 CA 2004-2533553
                                                                    20040910
     CA 2533553
                          A1
                                20060607
                                           EP 2004-767037
                                                                    20040910
     EP 1664125
                         A1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK
                                          BR 2004-13432
                         A
                              20061010
                                                                    20040910
     BR 2004013432
                                             US 2006-566975
                                                                    20061207
     US 2007073051
                          A1
                                20070329
                                                                A 20030911
                                             FI 2003-1301
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                               W 20040910
                                             WO 2004-FI523
                         MARPAT 142:299721
OTHER SOURCE(S):
     An organic starch ester is prepared by mixing a
     starch material, such as natural starch or hydrolyzed
     starch, with an ionic liquid solvent to dissolve
     the starch, and then treating the dissolved starch
     with an organic esterifying agent, such as C1-11 carboxylic acid, to form an
     organic starch ester, and subsequently separating the organic
     starch ester from the solution by adding a non-solvent ,
     such as alcs., ketones, and acetonitrile, to the starch
     ester solution Microwave irradiation and/or pressure can be applied to
     assist the dissoln. and esterification. Thus, native barely
     starch was dissolved in ionic 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride
     and reacted with acetic anhydride, followed by quenching with ethanol to
     receive starch acetate.
                               THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         6
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 14 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         2005:238432 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:303641
                         Compositions capable of facilitating penetration
TITLE:
                         across a biological barrier
                         Ben-Sasson, Shmuel A.; Cohen, Einat
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Israel
                         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                        KIND
     PATENT NO.
                                DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                         ----
                                -----
                                            -----
                                20050317 US 2003-664989
                                                                    20030917
     US 2005058702
                          A1
                              20050623 US 2004-942300
20051013 AU 2004-317954
20051013 CA 2004-2539043
                          A1
                                                                    20040916
     US 2005136103
    AU 2004317954 A1 20051013
20051013
                                                                20040917
                                                                   20040917
     WO 2005094785
                         A2 20051013
                                           WO 2004-IB4452
                                                                    20040917
                               20060323
     WO 2005094785
                         A3
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
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A2 20060621 EP 2004-821561

20040917

SN, TD, TG

EP 1670500

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK, HR
                      T 20070816
                                         JP 2006-526736
    JP 2007523050
                                         US 2006-572249
                                                              20061213
                             20070726
    US 2007172517
                       A1
                                         US 2003-503615P P 20030917
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                          A2 20030917
                                         US 2003-664989
                                         US 2003-665184
                                                          A2 20030917
                                         WO 2004-IB4452 W 20040917
    This invention relates to novel pharmaceutical compns. for delivery of
```

AB biol. active mols., such as polypeptides, drugs and other therapeutic agents, across various biol. barriers mixing one or more effectors (anionic impermeable mols.) with a counter ion to the effector (a liquid forming cation). The invention also relates to methods of treating or preventing diseases by administering pharmaceutical compns. to affected subjects. For example, an ionic liquid forming cation was used to enable the translocation of insulin across an epithelial barrier. A composition containing recombinant human insulin and an ionic liquid forming cation, e.g., 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride, together with phytic acid, Pluronic F68; aprotinin, Solutol HS-15, and N-acetylcysteine was administrated rectally or by injection into an intestinal loop of a test animal, e.g., a mouse. Blood glucose levels decrease in relation to the amount of insulin absorbed from the intestine into the bloodstream (i.e., in an amount that correlates to the amount of insulin absorbed). Thus, this drug delivery system can replace the need for insulin injections, thereby providing an efficient, safe and convenient route of administration for diabetes patients.

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ANSWER 15 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L3
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ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:1127733 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:347356

TITLE:

Room-temperature ionic liquids

that dissolve carbohydrates in high concentrations Liu, Qingbin; Janssen, Michiel H. A.; van Rantwijk,

Fred; Sheldon, Roger A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratory of Biocatalysis and Organic Chemistry, Delft University of Technology, Delft, 2628 BL, Neth.

SOURCE:

AUTHOR(S):

Green Chemistry (2005), 7(1), 39-42 CODEN: GRCHFJ; ISSN: 1463-9262

PUBLISHER:

Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 143:347356

Carbohydrates are only sparingly soluble in common organic solvents as well as in weakly coordinating ionic liqs. Ionic

ligs. that contain the dicyanamide anion, in contrast, dissolve approx. 200 g L-1 of glucose, sucrose, lactose and cyclodextrin. Candida antarctica lipase B mediated the esterification of sucrose with dodecanoic acid in ionic liquid (no

esterification data).

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 16 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 16 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L_3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:820197 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:312468

TITLE:

Liquid compositions for slow-release soft capsules

INVENTOR(S):

Paris, Laurence

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fr.

SOURCE:

Fr. Demande, 38 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.				KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
	R 2838349													2	0020	415	
									DTO 0	002	DD 1 1	0.5		2	0020	416	
WO	WO 2003086368																
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DĒ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	ÜΑ,
		UG,	US,	UΖ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	zw							
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG
AU	2003	2621	29 ·		A1		2003	1027		AU 2	003-	2621	29		2	0030	415
EP	1499	304			A1		2005	0126		EP 2	003-	7406	10		2	0030	415
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
JР	2005	5315	31		T		2005	1020		JP 2	003-	5833	89		2	0030	415
US	2005	2444	89		A1		2005	1103		US 2	005-	5112	60		2	0050	620
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									FR 2	002-	4697			A 2	0020	415	
									003-					0030			
	. .							-		_			٠,				

The invention relates to liquid compns. intended for formation od prolonged-release capsules. The prolonged release of the drug is achieved by in situ formation of a matrix, which being compact and biodegradable, is obtained by instantaneous phys. modification of the contents of the capsule in contact with the gastric juices. Thus, slow-release soft capsules contained dimenhydrinate 50.0000g, Transcutol P 425.0000, Sepiegel-305 400.0000 and sucrose acetate isobutyrate 25.0000 g.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 17 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:25859 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:85811

TITLE: Preparation of N-alkoxyalkylimidazolium salts and

ionic liquid or gel containing them

INVENTOR(S): Kimizuka, Nobuo; Nakashima, Takuya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Foundation for Scientific Technology Promotion, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002003478	Α	20020109	JP 2000-184298	20000620
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-184298	20000620
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	136:85811		
GI				

$$R^1 - N \longrightarrow N - (CH_2)_n - OR^2$$

The title compds. (I; n = 1-6' Rl = H, Cl-4 alkyl; R2 = Cl-12 alkyl; A = anion) are prepared Also described are an ionic liquid consisting of an imidazolium salt derived from the N-alkoxyalkylimidazolium cation of I and a counter anion and an ionic gel obtained by dissolving synthetic polymer, protein, polysaccharide, carbohydrate derivative, or mol. aggregate in the ionic liquid These imidazolium salts provides ionic liquid

. at room temperature without ion exchange and possess high solubilization power

against many synthetic polymers, biopolymers, or mol. aggregates. The ionic liquid is used for solid electrolyte materials,
electrochem. materials, and biocatalytic materials and useful as a soluble support or reaction solvent, extraction solvent for synthetic reaction, or

electrolyte, or for development of functional gel furnished with biomol. functions such as specific mol. recognition and catalysis (no data). can solubilize above substances hitherto incompatible with existing ionic liquid and has low viscosity which is a desirable characteristic as reaction medium for easy dispersion of reactants. When used as reaction medium, it is used for enzymic modification of biochem. substances such as proteins or sugars or modification of biopolymers such as proteins, sugars, or polysaccharides using water-unstable modifying agents such as acid halides or acid anhydrides. Thereby, it provides method for rapid, simple, and inexpensive chemical modification of sugars or polysaccharides since it solubilizes them without using protecting groups. Thus, 17.9 g 2-bromoethyl Me ether was slowly added dropwise to 10.6 g 1-methylimidazole and heated to 60° with stirring to give a brown viscous solution which was successively washed with acetone and Et acetate followed by completely distilling out these solvent under reduced pressure. The obtained liquid was purified by a column of alumina to give 61% N-methyl-N'-methoxyethylimidazolium bromide (II) which was a liquid at room temperature and had d. of 1.39 g/cm3 and viscosity

of 162 cP. II solubilized urea, pentaerythritol, $\beta\text{-D-glucose},$ $\alpha\text{-cyclodextrin},$ agarose, and glucose oxidase.

=> d his

L2

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:46:29 ON 07 NOV 2007)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:46:34 ON 07 NOV 2007

L1 49 "IONIC LIQUID" AND (STARCH OR POLYSACCHARIDE)

2 L1 AND (MICROWAVE OR RADIATION OR IRRADIAT?)

L3 17 S L1 AND (ESTER OR ACYLATE OR ACYLATION OR ESTERIFICATION OR AC

---Logging off of STN---

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 82.25 82.46

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

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STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 08:49:18 ON 07 NOV 2007

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID: SSPTALDB1623

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

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                 Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 1
NEWS 2 JUL 02 LMEDLINE coverage updated
NEWS 3 JUL 02 SCISEARCH enhanced with complete author names
NEWS 4 JUL 02 CHEMCATS accession numbers revised
NEWS 5 JUL 02 CA/CAplus enhanced with utility model patents from China
NEWS 6 JUL 16 CAplus enhanced with French and German abstracts
NEWS 7 JUL 18 CA/CAplus patent coverage enhanced
NEWS 8 JUL 26 USPATFULL/USPAT2 enhanced with IPC reclassification
NEWS 9 JUL 30 USGENE now available on STN
NEWS 10 AUG 06 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with new experimental property tags
NEWS 11 AUG 06 FSTA enhanced with new thesaurus edition
NEWS 12 AUG 13 CA/CAplus enhanced with additional kind codes for granted
                 patents
NEWS 13 AUG 20 CA/CAplus enhanced with CAS indexing in pre-1907 records
NEWS 14 AUG 27 Full-text patent databases enhanced with predefined
                 patent family display formats from INPADOCDB
NEWS 15 AUG 27 USPATOLD now available on STN
NEWS 16 AUG 28 CAS REGISTRY enhanced with additional experimental
                 spectral property data
                STN AnaVist, Version 2.0, now available with Derwent
NEWS 17
         SEP 07
                 World Patents Index
NEWS 18 SEP 13 FORIS renamed to SOFIS
NEWS 19 SEP 13 INPADOCDB enhanced with monthly SDI frequency
NEWS 20 SEP 17 CA/CAplus enhanced with printed CA page images from
                 1967-1998
                 CAplus coverage extended to include traditional medicine
NEWS 21 SEP 17
                 patents
                 EMBASE, EMBAL, and LEMBASE reloaded with enhancements
NEWS 22
         SEP 24
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with pre-1907 records from Chemisches
NEWS 23
        OCT 02
                 Zentralblatt
NEWS 24 OCT 19 BEILSTEIN updated with new compounds.
NEWS EXPRESS 19 SEPTEMBER 2007: CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.2,
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 SEPTEMBER 2007.
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              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
              Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS LOGIN
              For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8
NEWS IPC8
Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that
specific topic.
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:43:47 ON 07 NOV 2007

=> file caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html

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             MYLLYMAKI VESA/AU

MYLLYMEN K/AU

MYLLYNEN KARI/AU

MYLLYNEN LIISA/AU

MYLLYNEN M/AU

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                     MYLLYNEN PAEIVI/AU
E12
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               2 "MYLLYMAKI VESA"/AU
               3 "MYLLYMAKI VESA T"/AU
               6 "MYLLYMAKI V T"/AU OR "MYLLYMAKI VESA"/AU OR "MYLLYMAKI VESA
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              28
                      AKSELA HELENA/AU
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                   AKSELA REIJO/AU
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                 AKSELA S/AU
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            1
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                   AKSELA SEPPO/AU
E10
            32
                   AKSELA TAPIO/AU
E11
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                   AKSELBAND BORIS/AU
E12
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             1 "AKSELA RAIMO"/AU
             1 "AKSELA RALMO"/AU
             1 "AKSELA REIGO"/AU ·
            46 "AKSELA REIJO"/AU
            55 ("AKSELA R"/AU OR "AKSELA RAIMO"/AU OR "AKSELA RALMO"/AU OR
L2
               "AKSELA REIGO"/AU OR "AKSELA REIJO"/AU)
=> s 11 or 12
           61 L1 OR L2
=> dup remove 13
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3
             61 DUP REMOVE L3 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> s 14 and ("ionic liquid" or starch)
            61 S L4
L5
        284271 "IONIC"
           511 "IONICS"
        284535 "IONIC"
                 ("IONIC" OR "IONICS")
        798287 "LIQUID"
        138315 "LIQUIDS"
        901714 "LIQUID"
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       1101866 "LIO"
        104546 "LIQS"
       1141857 "LIQ"
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       1583946 "LIQUID"
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         10942 "IONIC LIQUID"
                 ("IONIC"(W)"LIQUID")
        170623 STARCH
         9565 STARCHES
        171630 STARCH
                 (STARCH OR STARCHES)
             6 L5 AND ("IONIC LIQUID" OR STARCH)
L6
=> d 16 1-6 ibib abs
    ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
                         2007:54651 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         146:144557
TITLE:
                         Production of starch ethers in ionic
                         liquids in the absence of water
                         Myllymaeki, Vesa; Aksela, Reijo
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kemira Oyj, Finland
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 20pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
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E5

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT INFORMATION:							
		APPLICATION NO.					
		WO 2006-FI248	20060712				
		BA, BB, BG, BR, BW,					
W: AE, AG, AL,	AM, AI, AU, AZ, E	OM, DZ, EC, EE, EG,	EC ET CB CD				
		L, IN, IS, JP, KE,					
KR, KZ, LA,	LC, LK, LR, LS, L	T, LU, LV, LY, MA,	MD, MG, MK, MN,				
MW, MX, MZ,	NA, NG, NI, NO, N	IZ, OM, PG, PH, PL,	PT, RO, RS, RO,				
		SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR,	TT, TZ, UA, UG,				
	VN, ZA, ZM, ZW						
RW: AT, BE, BG,	CH, CY, CZ, DE, I	OK, EE, ES, FI, FR,	GB, GR, HU, IE,				
IS, IT, LT,	LU, LV, MC, NL, E	PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,	SK, TR, BF, BJ,				
CF, CG, CI,	CM, GA, GN, GQ, G	W, ML, MR, NE, SN,	TD, TG, BW, GH,				
GM, KE, LS,	MW, MZ, NA, SD, S	SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,	ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				
KG, KZ, MD,	RU, TJ, TM						
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		FI 2005-752	A 20050714				
	MARPAT 146:144557						
AB Starch ethers are pr	repared by mixing	starch with an					
ionic liquid solvent							
then treating the di	ssolved starch wi	th an etherifying a	agent in				
the presence of a ba	ase to form a star	ch ether, and subse	equently				
separating the stard	h ether from the	solution, wherein b	ooth the dissoln.				
and the etherificati	on are carried ou	it in the substantia	al absence of				
water.							
REFERENCE COUNT:	3 THERE ARE 3	CITED REFERENCES	AVAILABLE FOR THIS				
	RECORD. ALI	CITATIONS AVAILAB	LE IN THE RE FORMAT				
L6 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLU	JS COPYRIGHT 2007	ACS on STN					
	2006:977559 CAPI						
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	145:337750						
TITLE:		oolysaccharide-based	d composite				
11100.		in paper and board					
INVENTOR(S):		Aksela, Reijo; Su					
INVENTOR(5):	Anna; Karvinen, S	Saila Mariatta					
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Kemira Oyj, Finla						
SOURCE:	PCT Int. Appl., 7						
SOURCE:	CODEN: PIXXD2	opp.					
DOCUMENT TYPE.	Patent						
DOCUMENT TYPE:	English						
LANGUAGE:							
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:	1						
PATENT INFORMATION:							
PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE				
WO 2006097571	A1 20060921	WO 2006-FI88	20060315				
		BA, BB, BG, BR, BW,	BY, BZ, CA, CH,				
		OM, DZ, EC, EE, EG,					
		IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,					

						-					- -					·	
WO	20060	975	71		A1		2006	921	Ţ	WO 2	006-1	F188			20	060:	315
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KM,	KN,	ΚP,	KR,
		ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	LY,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
		MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,
		SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SY,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,
		VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	zw											
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
		IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,
_		GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
		KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM										
FI	20050	0002	93		Α		2006	0919	:	FI 2	005-3	293			20	0050	318
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:									FI 2	005-:	293		1	A 20	0050	318	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 145:337750

The invention relates to a composite material based on water-insol. polysaccharide, such as cellulose and chitin. The composite material comprises particles of at least one light scattering material, the surface of which is essentially covered with at least one water-insol. polysaccharide. The invention also relates to a method for preparation of the composite material, and to a paper and board manufacturing process in which the composite material is used as a filler or pigment. Both highly organic products with exceptional heat capacities, as well as cheap high filler products can be manufactured. The composite material significantly improves retention of light scattering fillers in the manufacture of paper and board even without the use of sep. retention aids.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:638995 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:135160

TITLE: Starch depolymerization in ionic

liquid solvents

INVENTOR(S): Myllymaeki, Vesa; Aksela, Reijo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kemira Oyj, Finland SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

]	PATENT	NO.			KIND DATE				1	APPL	ICAT:	DATE						
V	WO 2005066374				A1 20050721				Ţ	WO 2	005-1	FI4	20050104					
	W: AE, AG, AL,				AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
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		AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
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		RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CĮ,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	
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I	FI 2004	0000	05		Α		2005	0706]	FI 2	004-	5	20040105					
1	FI 1161	41			В1		2005											
(CA 2551	390			A1		2005	0721	(CA 2	005-	2551	390	20050104				
I	EP 1704	259	•		A1		2006	0927]	EP 2	005-	7017	20		2	0050	104	
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	fR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		IE,	SI,	LT,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	PL,	SK,	IS			
PRIOR	ITY APP	LN.	INFO	. :]	FI 2	004-	5	7	A 20040105				
							WO 200							1	W 2	0050	104	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:135160

AB Starch dissolved in an ionic liquid can be depolymd. without acid or base catalyst or enzyme. Starch is selectively depolymd. by mixing with an ionic liquid solvent to dissolve the starch, and then treating the dissolved starch by agitating at elevated temperature and for a period for time to effect depolymn. of the starch into desired depolymn. products. For example, all the starch was depolymd. into monomeric products by stirring a mixture of 150 mg of oven-dried native barley starch with 3 mL 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride solvent for 30 min at 85° and 2h at 150°. Stirring a similar mixture for

30 min at 85° and 2h at 100° gave a product mixture containing monomeric products of depolymd. amylose but amylopectin remained intact (GPC).

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 6 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:523500 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

143:28326

TITLE:

Etherification of cellulose in ionic

liquid solutions

INVENTOR(S):

Myllymaeki, Vesa; Aksela, Reijo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kemira Oyj, Finland

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.							KIND DATE						DATE						
	WO	2005	0542.	98										20041202						
		W:	AE.	AG.	AL.	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,		
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	EP	1689	788			A1		2006	0816		EP 2	004-	3012	27	20041202					
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	US	2007															0070	116		
PRIOR															A 20031203					
	The state of the s													W 20041202						

MARPAT 143:28326 OTHER SOURCE(S):

Cellulose is mixed and dissolved in an ionic liquid solvent and the solution is treated with an etherifying agent in the presence of inorg. base to form a cellulose ether, which is subsequently separated from the solution The dissoln. and the etherification are carried out in the absence of organic base and in the substantial absence of H2O. Microwave irradiation and/or pressure can be applied to assist in dissoln. and etherification. Thus, 50 mg cellulose was dissolved in 5 g 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride (m. 60°) with the aid of microwaves to give 1% solution ClCH2CO2H (2.05 equiv) was added to the

followed by 3.25 equiv of solid NaOH, the reaction mixture was heated for 2 h at 100° under microwave radiation and the resulting CM-cellulose $\,$ was precipitated with MeOH, washed with MeOH and 80% aqueous MeOH, and dried. 3

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:239036 CAPLUS

142:299721 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Esterification of starch under microwave TITLE:

irradiation and pressure

Myllymaeki, Vesa; Aksela, Reijo INVENTOR(S):

Kemira Oyj, Finland PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:299721

An organic starch ester is prepared by mixing a starch material, such as natural starch or hydrolyzed starch, with an ionic liquid solvent to dissolve the starch, and then treating the dissolved starch with an organic esterifying agent, such as C1-11 carboxylic acid, to form an organic starch ester, and subsequently separating the organic starch ester from the solution by adding a non-solvent , such as alcs., ketones, and acetonitrile, to the starch ester solution Microwave irradiation and/or pressure can be applied to assist the dissoln. and esterification. Thus, native barely starch was dissolved in ionic 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride and reacted with acetic anhydride,

followed by quenching with ethanol to receive starch acetate.

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 6 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:158715 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:242565

Dissolution and delignification of lignocellulosic TITLE:

materials with ionic liquid

solvent under microwave irradiation

INVENTOR(S): Myllymaeki, Vesa; Aksela, Reijo

Kemira Oyj, Finland PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.							KIND DATE			APPL:	ICAT:		DATE						
	WO	2005017001				A1	-	20050224		1	WO 2	004-1		20040813						
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			LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,		
			NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,		
			TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT.,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW		
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	ΕP	1654				A1					EP 2004-742219									
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OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:242565

AB Wood, straw, and other natural lignocellulosic materials can be dissolved in an ionic liquid solvent under microwave irradiation and/or under pressure, and cellulose and other organic compds., such as lignin and extractives, can also be separated from the solution by precipitating with

non-solvent, such as water, alcs., ketones, and ethers, of cellulose. Thus, plywood sawdust was dissolved in 1-butyl-3-methyl-imidazolium chloride under microwave irradiation

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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SINCE FILE TOTAL COST IN U.S. DOLLARS ENTRY SESSION 40.50 FULL ESTIMATED COST 40.71 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL SESSION ENTRY -4.68 CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -4.68